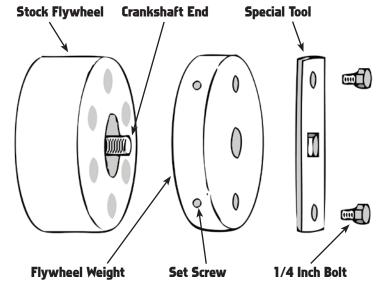
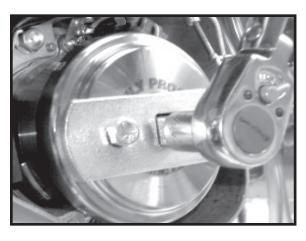


Installation Instructions 2-stroke models using set screw type flywheel weight

Carefully read these instructions before you begin installing the flywheel weight. If you do not have the mechanical abilities or proper tools then get some help. If the flywheel weight is not installed and maintained according to these instructions it could result in engine damage and/or a serious crash.

- Remove the ignition cover from the left side of the engine using care to not tear the gasket. Check your main bearings for wear
 by lifting up and down on the ignition flywheel. If you feel any movement you will need to replace your main bearings before
 installing a flywheel weight.
- 2. Remove the flywheel nut turning it counterclockwise. You will not be reusing the nut with the flywheel weight. Use one of the ideas below to keep the flywheel assembly from turning when you loosen the nut. Some of these methods if you are not carefull.
 - A. Use a Steahly Engine Lock Up Tool, part number E-3, fits most two strokes. It screws into the spark plug hole and the piston hits the plastic tip, which stops the flywheel rotation.
 - B. Use an air powered impact wrench to quickly spin the nut loose. However, it will not allow accurate torquing when tightening the flywheel weight and may cause damage to the flywheel weight.
 - C. Remove the spark plug and bring the piston up to about one inch from top dead center. Feed in a few inches of rope (leave some hanging out so you can pull it back out). Make sure that the rope does not go into any of the cylinder ports.
 - Now slowly turn the engine over compressing the rope between the cylinder and the head until the flywheel stops turning. Use only smooth torquing action while loosening and tightening nuts. Do not use hammers or breaker bars.
 - D. Put the transmission in high gear and hold the rear brake on. Be careful, if you get too rough you could break your brake caliper bracket.
- 3. Remove any washers that are underneath the flywheel nut, if there are any.
 - your flywheel weight. All Steahly Flywheel weights are installed with no washers, except 1986 CR 500, 1986-87 CR 250, 1986-89 CR 125 and 90-91 KX 500 which require a special shim washer.
- 4. <u>Check the end of the crankshaft</u> to make sure it is not bent, that the end is not flared out, and that the threads are not damaged.
- 5. <u>Check the set screws</u> in the flywheel weight to make sure they are not sticking out on the inside of the weight
 - , the screw holes have been staked (punched with a special chisel) to prevent them from coming out. We recommend that you do not use thread lock compound (Loctite) on the set screw threads because it may cause them to seize, instead we have coated them with anti-seize.
- 6. <u>Bolt on the special tool</u> to the outer face of the flywheel weight using the two ¼ inch bolts.
- 7. Install the flywheel weight by screwing it clockwise onto the end of the crankshaft. It should screw on easily. Make sure it makes solid contact against the ignition flywheel at the same spot where the stock nut makes contact. Use a ½ inch drive torque wrench to tighten the flywheel weight to the manufacturer's recommended specifications for the stock flywheel nut. Engines with a 10mm crank end (the nut has a 14mm hex) torque to approximately 27 foot pounds. Engines with a 12mm crank end (17mm hex) torque to approximately 42 foot pounds.





- 8. Remove the special tool and two ¼ inch bolts. Keep the special tool in a safe place in case you need to remove the weight at a later date.
- 9. Screw in the four set screws and tighten them by working back and forth diagonally (like torquing a head) until they are all equally tight. How tight? With your finger near the end of the allen hex key we provided, you should get about 3/16 to 1/4 inch (5mm) of flex. It is very important to recheck the set screw tightness after the first ½.

 Some bikes have
 - to be checked more often than other bikes (CR 500, KX 500) depending on vibration and other factors, so check them often until you get a feel for it.
- 10. <u>Install the ignition cover</u> using the original gasket and all of the spacers and gaskets supplied with the kit. Many kits do not require any cover spacer. Plastic spacers should be installed using a gasket on each side of the spacer or with gasket sealant, such as silicon seal. The CR 500 150z weight comes with a rubber gasket that should be glued to the original gasket. If the cover doesn't fit see "Troubleshooting".
- 11. <u>Maintenance</u> A smart rider checks all of his nuts and bolts regularly, so make checking your flywheel weight and tightening your set screws part of your regular maintenance, it only takes a minute. While the cover is off wipe out any dirt and moisture and give the weight a little shot of corrosion preventing oil such as WD-40. If you do a lot of huge jumps, that may prematurely stress your flywheel weight (along with everything else on your bike) and you should check it more often and be aware that it may shorten the life of your flywheel weight.

Increased vibration – First be sure that it is actually vibrating more than it did before, you probably are just more conscious of vibration. If you are sure that it is vibrating more than before check your main bearings for wear and your crankshaft for a bent or damaged end. If everything checks out give us a call.

Rubbing on cover – Severe rubbing or the cover not fitting is usually caused by failing to remove the stock washer as decribed in step 3. Make sure your engine is the year model you think it is and that it has the stock ignition. Make sure you have the correct flywheel weight for your bike. If you have an after market ignition cover you may need to use extra gaskets or a cover spacer, give us a call. Check the ignition cover, it may be bent or warped. Plastic covers can get momentarily pushed in when you fall, which can leave scuff marks on the inside of the cover even though the flywheel weight does not rub during ordinary riding conditions.

This product will change the power characteristics of your engine. Adding flywheel weight results in smoother, more tractable power delivery by causing the engine to rev less quickly (slower increase in engine RPM). If your engine has low power because of engine wear, lack of maintenance, improper jetting, engine modifications, or any other reason, adding flywheel weight could exaggerate the problem causing bogging or hesitation.

– Since we have no control over installation, application, or use of our flywheel weights they are sold as is. No warranty is expressed or implied. Steahly Products Inc. may, at our discretion, repair or replace a flywheel weight that we believe is defective, however, our liability extends only to the flywheel weight and does not in any event include incidental or consequential damages. If you have a problem or installation questions give us a call, we may be able to help.

– If you are not completely satisfied with the effects of the added flywheel weight we may be able to work with you by customizing your flywheel weight to better suit your needs. There are many variables that may affect the amount of weight that may be perfect for your needs. Individual rider preference, riding ability, type of terrain, and engine modifications are some of these variables. If you feel that the Steahly Flywheel Weight is too heavy we may be ably to remove some of the weight for a small fee. Some models can not be lightened, so call first to discuss your individual needs.



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